## Sec. 40.01. Fire certificate of occupancy requirement.

- (a) All existing buildings in the city are required to have and maintain a fire certificate of occupancy, issued by the department of safety and inspections. The fire certificate of occupancy shall be an indication that the building meets, at the time of inspection, all relevant codes to maintain the health, safety and welfare of the building's occupants and the general public.
- (b) Provisional fire certificate of occupancy. When an owner-occupied dwelling changes to a rental dwelling unit, the owner of the dwelling must apply and pay the fee for a provisional certificate of occupancy within thirty (30) days of the change in use.

(C.F. No. 06-1129, § 1, 1-24-07; C.F. No. 09-122, § 1, 2-25-09; Ord 13-52, § 1, 12-4-13)

## Sec. 40.12. Illegal occupancy.

No person shall occupy any building which does not have a fire certificate of occupancy. Any unit or structure which is so occupied shall be subject to the provisions of section 34.23(2) of the legislative code relating to illegal occupancy. Such illegal occupancy also constitutes a hazard to the health, safety or welfare of the occupants and the public, and may be condemned by the fire code official under section 34.23 of the legislative code.

(C.F. No. 06-1129, § 1, 1-24-07; Ord 13-52, § 1, 12-4-13)