

## C E N S U S F A C T S

## North End neighborhood (District 6, Saint Paul)

### Population

- 24,654 people lived in this neighborhood in 2000.
  - Total population grew 5% in the 1990s, similar to the 5.5% growth in Saint Paul as a whole.
- U.S. Census, 2000

### Age profile, 1990-2000

- The number of preschoolers (age 0-4) decreased 13% to 2,157 children.
- The number of school-age children (age 5-17) increased 35% to 5,524.
- The number of working-age adults (age 18-64) increased 7% to 14,706.
- The number of older adults (age 65+) decreased 27% to 2,267.

- U.S. Census, 2000

### Race and ethnicity, 1990-2000

- The White population decreased from 75% to 55%.
- The Asian population increased from 15% to 18%.
- The Black population grew from 6% to 15%.
- The Latino population grew from 3% to 7%.
- The American Indian population remained at about 1% of neighborhood residents.
- 4% of residents were multiracial.

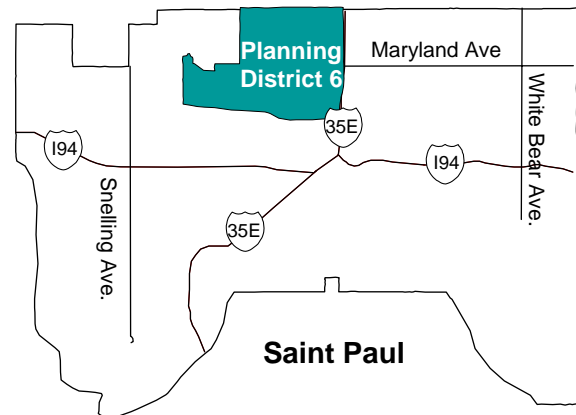
- U.S. Census, 2000

### Languages

- 26% spoke a language other than English at home. Asian languages (16%) and Spanish (6%) were the most common.
- 13% of residents did not speak English "very well."

- U.S. Census, 2000

### North End



### Countries of origin

- 17% of neighborhood residents were born outside of the United States.
- 9% of neighborhood residents came to the U.S. in the 1990s.
- Of those born outside the U.S., 60% were born in Asia, 18% in Latin America, 16% in Africa, and 4% in Europe.

- U.S. Census, 2000

### Households

- An average of 2.56 persons per household in 2000, up from 2.43 in 1990.
- 32% of households had children, the same as in 1990.
- 52% of children lived in married-couple families, 37% in single-parent families, and 10% in other arrangements (primarily with grandparents and other relatives).

- U.S. Census, 2000

## Children and youth

- 74% of public school students in this neighborhood were children of color.
- For every 20 public school students living in this neighborhood: 7 were Asian, 6 were Black, 5 were White, 2 were Hispanic, and fewer than 1 in 20 were American Indian.
- English was not the primary language spoken at home for 44% of public school students.
- 73% qualified for free or reduced-price school lunch, compared to 65% in Saint Paul as a whole.  
- St. Paul School District, 2002-03
- In 61% of families with children under age 6, all parents in the family were in the workforce.
- 9% of children and youth age 5 to 20 had a disability.  
- U.S. Census, 2000

## Older adults (age 65+)

- The Census counted 2,267 older adults in this neighborhood in 2000.
- 39% were living alone, compared to 36% in 1990.
- 87% were White, 6% were Asian, 5% were Black, and 1% were Latino.
- 43% had a disability.
- 12% had income below the federal poverty level.
- 490 grandparents lived in the same household with their grandchildren, and 150 of them were responsible for their grandchildren.  
- U.S. Census, 2000
- In 2002, 76% of older adult households were homeowners and 24% were renters.
- 22% (about 290 households) had no registered vehicle.
- 62% of older adult households had estimated annual income below \$30,000.  
- Excensus, 2002

## Housing in 2000

- The U.S. Census counted 9,900 occupied housing units in 2000.
- 50% were owner-occupied (4,820 units) and 50% were rented (4,780 units).
- 35% were built before 1940, 27% between 1940 and 1959, and 38% since 1960.
- 73% of homes were heated with gas and 23% with electricity.
- 2% of households had no phone service.
- 45% of the residents in this neighborhood had lived in the same home for at least five years.  
- U.S. Census, 2000

## Housing types

	Renter households	Owner households
Condominium or townhome	21	231
Small apartment (<6 units)	103	22
Medium apartment (6-25 units)	1,129	87
Large apartment (>25 units)	2,325	0
Single-family home	328	4,383
Duplex, triplex, double dwelling	795	199
Total	4,701	4,922

**Source:** Excensus, 2002 (drawn from property records, so numbers differ slightly from U.S. Census 2000)

## Housing costs

- 20% of homeowners and 41% of renters were paying 30% or more of their income for housing in 1999 (this includes households of all incomes).
- The median rent in this neighborhood was \$540 in 1999, compared to \$565 in the city as a whole.
- 72% of homeowners had a mortgage in 1999, and paid a median of \$828 for monthly housing costs.
- The 28% of homeowners with no mortgage paid a median of \$269 in monthly housing costs.  
- U.S. Census, 2000

## Cars and drivers

- 18% of households had no vehicle, 43% had one vehicle, 30% had two, and 9% had three or more.
- 71% of workers in this neighborhood drove alone to work, 15% carpooled, 8% took public transportation (including taxis), 2% walked, and 3% worked at home.
- The average one-way commute took 22.3 minutes for workers living in this neighborhood (compared to 21.1 for Saint Paul as a whole).  
- U.S. Census, 2000

## Workers and jobs

- 67% of residents age 16 and over were in the workforce in 2000.
- Top occupations included sales and office work (29%), management/professional (25%), service jobs (20%), and production/transportation (18%).
- Top industries employing residents in this neighborhood included education/health/social service (22%), manufacturing (14%), retail (11%), and professional/scientific/management (10%).
- 83% of workers were privately employed, 13% were government workers, and 4% were self-employed.
- 22% of people age 21 to 64 had a disability, and 52% of them were employed (compared to 80% of those in the same age group with no disability).

- U.S. Census, 2000

## Education

Of those age 25 and older:

- 77% had at least a high school education.
- 27% had some college or a 2-year college degree.
- 18% had a 4-year college degree or higher.
- 5% had a graduate or professional degree.

- U.S. Census, 2000

## Income

- \$32,164 was the median household income in 1999 (compared to \$38,774 in Saint Paul as a whole).
- Men in this neighborhood working full-time, year-round earned a median income of \$29,852 compared to \$26,430 for women.
- 9% of households had income of \$75,000 or more.
- 38% had income of less than \$25,000.
- 12% of households received public assistance in 1999, an average of \$3,673 for the year.
- 22% received Social Security income, an average of \$10,946 for the year.

- U.S. Census, 2000

## Poverty

Families with income below the poverty level in this neighborhood included:

- 27% of families with children
- 32% of families with children under age 5
- 40% of single mothers with children
- 48% of single mothers with children under age 5

Individuals with income below the poverty level included:

- 21% of all residents in this neighborhood (compared to 16% in the city as a whole)
- 33% of all children under age 18
- 12% of older adults age 65 or older

- U.S. Census, 2000

## Notes on race/ethnicity

Beginning with Census 2000, people can now choose more than one race category. The numbers presented here include only those people who checked a single box on the race question. Those who checked more than one race category are listed separately as multiracial.

Also, the numbers presented here do not include Latino people in any race category, but only in a separate Latino category. So, for example, people who said they were Latino and also said they were White are counted here only in the Latino category.

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### For more information

The data in this profile comes from Census 2000 and other sources compiled by Community DataWorks, a service of Wilder Research Center. For more information, visit [www.communitydataworks.org](http://www.communitydataworks.org) or call the Community DataWorks helpline at 651-647-4600.

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